


Thursday things in US History


Entrance task: Think: How does this song relate to the start of the American Revolution? (*One thing leads to another*, The Fixx)

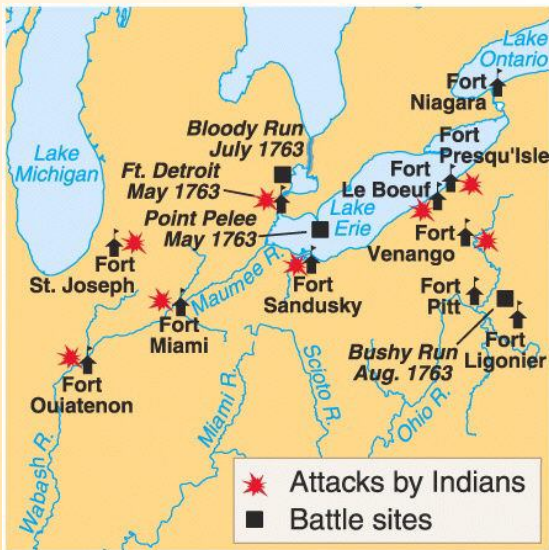
 Today: Issues behind the Revolution



 Homework: Ch. 4-3 Ideas behind the Revolution

The Fixx

Sep 21-7:59 PM

Name of Event	Details about the event	How the event led to the growing crisis between the colonies & Great Britain
Pontiac's Rebellion 	Ottawa, Huron, Potawatomi and other Indians in the Great Lakes region rebelled against the British, destroying every Br. Fort in the area west of the Appalachians except Fort Pitt and Fort Detroit	2,000 colonists killed or captured, thousands fled French relations with Indians had been much better than the British



 Attacks by Indians
 Battle sites

Sep 21-8:18 PM



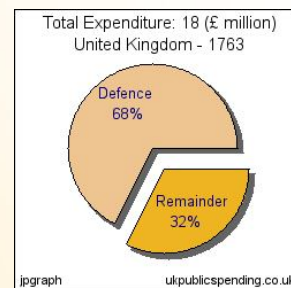
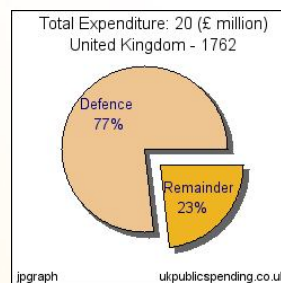
Proclamation of 1763

Details	How it led to crisis between colonies and Britain
Issued by King George, closed the region west of the Appalachian Mts. to all settlement by colonists and put the area under the control of the British military	Colonists ignored the British and continued to move westward

Sep 21-8:23 PM

British financial problems

- * British were among the most heavily taxed people in the world
- * Imposing new taxes on the colonists was a way to raise revenue



Sep 21-8:28 PM

Sugar Act - 1764

- * Cut molasses tax in half but was enforced by British navy with smuggling cases to be tried in British courts, not colonies.
- * Judges got 5% commission on fines

**Quartering Act - 1765**

- * Required colonies to provide housing and supplies for the British troops in America

Colonists complained but went along with the new taxes . . . for awhile!

Sep 21-8:27 PM

The Stamp Act (March, 1765)	This placed a tax on newspapers, legal documents, pamphlets and other printed material.	Impacts almost all Americans in every colony. Directly affects some of the most powerful people in the colonies-printers, merchants, lawyers.
The Townshend Acts (1767)	This placed duties on certain imported goods such as lead, paper, tea, paints, glass and etc.	Colonists cared little whether Britain raised money through trade duties or direct taxes. Either way the colonists were being taxed without their consent.

Sep 21-8:50 PM

The Boston Massacre (March 5, 1770)

British troops fired into a crowd protesting the Townshend Acts, killing five.

Townshend Acts were repealed, which ended the boycott of British goods except for the still-taxed tea.



Sep 21-7:32 AM

Boston Tea Party (1773)



2:56

Colonists disguised as Indians boarded tea ships in Boston, broke the crates, and dumped the tea into the harbor in protest of the Tea Act, which had given the British East India Company the right to sell tea in America without paying taxes.

Parliament responded with the "Intolerable Acts."

- Accused Colonists could be tried in England
- American homes were forced to host British troops
- Boston Harbor was closed

Sep 21-7:32 AM

Intolerable Acts (Coercive Acts) 1774



The Intolerable Acts

- 1) The **port** of **Boston** was closed until the colonists **paid** for the destroyed **tea**.
- 2) The royal governor could **ban** town **meetings**.
- 3) **British** officials accused of **crimes** would stand **trial** in Britain instead of in Massachusetts.
- 4) A new **Quartering** Act was passed allowing British **troops** to be quartered in unoccupied colonial **buildings** and homes.

A series of laws passed by Parliament to punish Boston and Massachusetts that the colonists found "intolerable"

- * Extended Canada's boundary south to the Ohio River, stripping MA, CT, and VA of their claims to western lands
- * Put British General Gage in as new governor of MA

Sep 21-8:50 PM

First Continental Congress - 1774



Colonial delegates:

- * renewed boycott
- * called for formation of militias
- * appealed to King George III for reform
- * King replied: "Colonies are in a state of rebellion, blows must decide."

Sep 21-8:50 PM

Battle of Lexington and Concord



- * First military engagements of the war between Britain and the colonies.
- * Militias succeeded in driving back the British forces

Video - start at 3:11

Sep 22-12:36 PM

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